

## Solutions To Project 6

(1)

$$y = 5 - 2x^2 + x^4$$

$$y' = -4x + 4x^3$$

(2)

$$y = 4x^3 + 2 + \frac{1}{x}$$

$$y' = 12x^2 - \frac{1}{x^2}$$

(3)

$$y = 2\sqrt{x} - \frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{x}} = 2x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 3x^{-\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$y' = x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + x^{-\frac{4}{3}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^4}}$$

(4)

$$y = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}} = x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$y' = -\frac{2}{3}x^{-\frac{5}{3}} = -\frac{2}{3\sqrt[3]{x^5}}$$

(5)

$$y = (x+1)(x^3 + 3)$$

$$y' = 1 \cdot (x^3 + 3) + (x+1)(3x^2)$$

$$y' = x^3 + 3 + 3x^3 + 3x^2$$

$$y' = 4x^3 + 3x^2 + 3$$

Note: Also can use foil rule to express  $y$  as a polynomial and then differentiate.

(6)

$$y = \frac{3-x}{x^2-3}$$

$$y' = \frac{(x^2-3)(-1) - (3-x)(2x)}{(x^2-3)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{-x^2 + 3 - 6x + 2x^2}{(x^2-3)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{x^2 - 6x + 3}{(x^2-3)^2}$$

(7)

$$y = xe^{-x^2}$$

$$y' = 1e^{-x^2} + xe^{-x^2}(-2x)$$

$$y' = e^{-x^2}(1 - 2x^2)$$

(8)

$$y = \ln(1 + e^x)$$

$$y' = \frac{e^x}{1 + e^x}$$

(9)

$$y = \sqrt{\ln(x)} = (\ln(x))^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2}(\ln(x))^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{2(\sqrt{\ln(x)})x}$$

(10)

$$y = \frac{e^{x^2}}{e^x} = e^{x^2-x}$$

$$y' = e^{x^2-x}(2x-1) = \frac{e^{x^2}(2x-1)}{e^x}$$

(11)

$$y = \ln(3)\ln(x)$$

$$y' = \ln(3) \cdot \frac{1}{x} = \frac{\ln(3)}{x}$$

(12)

$$y = 3x^5 + 7x^3 - 4x^2 + 12$$
$$y' = 15x^4 + 21x^2 - 8x$$

(13)

$$y = x^{\sqrt{2}} \ln(x)$$
$$y' = \sqrt{2}x^{\sqrt{2}-1} \ln(x) + x^{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{x}$$
$$y' = 1.414x^{.414} \ln(x) + x^{\sqrt{2}-1}$$
$$y' = 1.414x^{.414} \ln(x) + x^{.414}$$
$$y' = x^{.414}(1.414 \ln(x) + 1)$$

(14)

$$y = \frac{\ln(x)}{x}$$
$$y' = \frac{x \cdot \frac{1}{x} - \ln(x) \cdot 1}{x^2} = \frac{1 - \ln(x)}{x^2}$$

(15)

$$y = (1 + \sqrt{x})(3 - 2x)$$
$$y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}(3 - 2x) + (1 + \sqrt{x})(-2)$$
$$y' = \frac{3}{2\sqrt{x}} - \sqrt{x} - 2 - 2\sqrt{x}$$
$$y' = \frac{3}{2\sqrt{x}} - 3\sqrt{x} - 2$$

Note: Also can use foil rule and then differentiate.

(16)

$$y = \frac{8}{x+1} = 8(x+1)^{-1}$$
$$y' = -8(x+1)^{-2}(1) = -\frac{8}{(x+1)^2}$$

(17)

$$y = \frac{5x^2 - 7x + 4}{x} = 5x - 7 + \frac{4}{x}$$

$$y' = 5 - \frac{4}{x^2}$$

(18)

$$y = (x^2 - 5x + 4)^3$$

$$y' = 3(x^2 - 5x + 4)^2(2x - 5)$$

(19)

$$y = \sqrt{1 + e^x} = (1 + e^x)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2}(1 + e^x)^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^x$$

$$y' = \frac{e^x}{2\sqrt{1 + e^x}}$$

(20)

$$y = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x - \ln(x)}} = (x - \ln(x))^{-\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$y' = -\frac{1}{3}(x - \ln(x))^{-\frac{4}{3}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{x}\right)$$

(21) And (22)

$$P = \frac{5}{1+R} + \frac{5}{(1+R)^2} + \frac{5}{(1+R)^3} + \frac{105}{(1+R)^4}$$

$$\frac{dP}{dR} = \frac{-5}{(1+R)^2} - \frac{10}{(1+R)^3} - \frac{15}{(1+R)^4} - \frac{410}{(1+R)^5}$$

$$\frac{d^2P}{dR^2} = \frac{10}{(1+R)^3} + \frac{30}{(1+R)^4} + \frac{60}{(1+R)^5} + \frac{2100}{(1+R)^6}$$

(23)

$$s = f(t) = \frac{1}{3}t^3 - 2t^2 + 3t; 0 \leq t$$

(a)

$$V_t = f'(t) = t^2 - 4t + 3$$

$$V_t = 0 \text{ when } (t-3)(t-1) = 0$$

$$t = 3 \text{ or } t = 1$$

$$\text{Now } f(1) = 1.333 \text{ and } f(3) = 0$$

(b)

$$a_t = f''(t) = 2t - 4$$

$$a_t = 0 \text{ when } 2(t-2) = 0$$

$$t = 2$$

$$\text{Now } f(2) = .667$$

(24)

$$\frac{dZ}{dX}(2) = (f \circ g)'(2) = f'(g(2)) \cdot g'(2)$$

$$= f'(3) \cdot 4$$

$$= 5 \times 4 = 20$$

(25)

(a) F  $(X_t)' = a_t$

(b) F Product Rule

(c) T

(d) T

(e) F  $\left( X^{\frac{m}{n}} \right)' = \frac{m}{n} X^{\frac{m}{n}-1}$

(f) T

(g) F Quotient Rule